## How to complete the PICANet Admission data collection form



	PICA Paediatric Intensive Care Audit N	Network - Data Collection Form Admission	NHS number (England and Wales), CHI number (Scotland), H&C number (Northern Ireland)—patient not eligible if overseas national who does not have an allocated number
Record <b>family name</b> , <b>first name</b> , full <b>address</b> and <b>postcode</b> . If not known, record <i>UNKNOWN</i> and state reason why in comments section	Family name  First name  Address	NHS/CHI/H&C number    Tick if patient is not eligible for number    Case note number	Local hospital case note number  • Estimated—if DOB unknown, estimate year by looking at chi (so age can be calculated) and enter 01/01 for dd/mm • Anonymised—tick if anonymising. Enter 01 for dd along with correct month and year • Unknown—only tick if data being
Select the appropriate <b>ethnic category</b> . For other (e.g. <i>White other</i> ), complete text box <b>Other ethnic category</b> . Usually found on PAS or ask parents. These categories were defined in the 2001 Census and used by the NHS as a national mandatory standard for the collection and analysis of ethnicity	Ethnic category	Sex	extracted retrospectively from notes and DOB not recorded  Record <b>gestational age at delivery</b> if patient <2 years only as can be prognostic factor. Obtain from notes or ask parents. If term, record 40. If truly unknown, record 99 <b>Birth order/Multiplicity</b> —record 1 of 1 for singleton; 1 or 2 of 1 for twin; 1 or 2 or 3 of 3 for triplet etc. Ask parents or search notes. If not documented in notes, assume singleton. If no information, record 9 of 9. Do not leave blank
Precise date and time of admission—not time of first contact with unit doctor	Admission details  Date and time of admission to unit (dd/mm/yyyy)              2   0	Source of admission Same hospital Clinic Other hospital Home	Where child was immediately prior to PICU admission
Planned following surgery—unit aware of admission before surgery begun or surgery that could be delayed by >24hrs. Surgery is defined as undergoing all or part of a procedure or anaesthesia for a procedure in theatre or anaesthetic room Unplanned following surgery—not aware prior to surgery starting but do not include admissions from theatre where surgery is not the primary reason for admission e.g. ICP monitor insertion where head injury is the reason for admission Planned other—not an emergency e.g. post liver biopsy Unplanned other—an unexpected/emergency admission  Previous ICU admission—during current hospital stay i.e. from admission to hospital until discharge or death. Can be this hospital or other hospital, not been home in-between. If multiple PICU admissions, choose most recent	Admission number  Type of admission to unit   Planned - following surgery   Unplanned - following surgery   Planned - other   Unplanned - other   Unplanned - other   ICU   PICU   NICU   NICU   NICU   None   Unknown  Contact us * picanet@leeds.ac.uk*0113 343 8125  For more contact details, go to www.picanet.org.uk/contact-us	Care area admitted from (includes transfers in)  \[ \text{X-ray} fendoscopy/CT scanner \	Recovery only—child cared for in recovery but not been in theatre for procedure • Other immediate care area—care lever greater than normal ward but not HDU, PICU, ICU • Theatre and recovery—had part or all of surgery or received anaesthesia for procedure within theatre or recovery are  Any patient retrieved from/transferred to another hospital regardless of who brought the child. Do not include unit doctor going to ward within same hospital to stabilise and transfer patients  PICU—a specialised PICU transport team • Centralised transport service (PIC)—team from a centralised PIC transport service • Transport team from neonates—specialist neonatal transport service • Other specialist team—i.e. A&E or theatre staff • Non-specialist team—i.e. DGH ward staff  Record specific name of transport team
			Name of hospital or location at time of <b>collection</b> by transport team

Elective admission i.e. after elective surgery/procedure or for monitoring. Consider elective if could be postponed for >6hrs without adverse effects. Note: Elective admission for PIM purposes differs from a planned admission following surgery, which is defined as the unit being aware of the admission prior to surgery or that the surgery could have been delayed for >24hrs

Main reason for PICU admission—evidence available at the time of the admission event from notes, GP or family. Not including new diagnosis during this PICU admission event. If recovery from surgery, select type of procedure

 Cardiac arrest before ICU admission—documented absence of pulse or requirement for external cardiac compression before this admission to paediatric intensive care service. Not past history of cardiac arrest · Cardiomyopathy or myocarditis—documented diagnosis during 1 month period before or at contact with unit doctor. Not if develops after admission. Not including children with impaired cardiac function due to sepsis or surgery. ECHO findings of endocardial fibroelastosis plus poor ventricular function are sufficient not just poor function · Severe combined immune deficiency documented at or prior to admission. Tick even if had successful bone marrow transplant • Hypoplastic left heart syndrome—including those with previous successful surgical repair. Not hypoplastic left ventricle unless documented ventriculo-arterial concordance · Leukaemia/lymphoma after first induction—irrespective of state of immunity or remission Liver failure includes patients recovering from liver transplant for acute or chronic liver failure • Acute NEC prior to or at first contact with PIC service · Spontaneous cerebral haemorrhage e.g. aneurysm, associated with need for admission. Not intracranial bleeds as a result of trauma Neurodegenerative disorder—progressive deterioration with loss of speech, vision, hearing, locomotion. Not static disability even if severe, unless progressive loss of milestones • HIV antigen positive · Bone marrow transplant recipient during this hospital admission

**Tracheostomy performed during this admission**—do not include those done prior to this admission where tracheostomy insertion is the reason for admission. Complete at discharge

First systolic blood pressure recorded within defined time period. Record 0 if patient in cardiac arrest, or 30 if patient shocked and BP is measured but not recordable. If not measured, enter 999 Record the first SpO<sub>2</sub> and corresponding FiO<sub>2</sub> measured Systolic blood pressure This applies to observations recorded between the first face-tofollowing first face-to-face contact between the patient and a face contact with ICU doctor until one hour after admission. mmHa PIC doctor Always use the first recorded measurement during this time FiO<sub>2</sub> (at the time SpO<sub>2</sub> measured) SpO₂ (via pulse oximetry) Elective admission Tick if blood gas samples (arterial, capillary or venous) were Tick if this is an elective admission Blood gas measured? taken and recorded within the defined time period Main reason for PICU admission ☐ Yes ☐ No Asthma Arterial PaO<sub>2</sub> ☐ Bronchiolitis First arterial PaO2 measured and recorded at first contact mmHa ☐ Croup between the patient and a specialist PIC doctor. Do not Bypass cardiac procedure Obstructive sleep apnoea Non-bypass cardiac procedure document if venous or capillary gases. If missing, record 999 Recovery from surgery ☐ Elective liver transplant □ Diabetic ketoacidosis Other procedure Intubation? At the time of arterial FiO<sub>2</sub> recorded at time of first arterial gas. If arterial gas not Seizure disorder Yes No PaO₂ sample Other (none of the above) recorded write 999 Headbox? Is evidence available to assess past medical history? ☐ Yes ☐ No Yes No Tick if intubated at time of arterial gas. Includes endotracheal Base excess (specify source) If yes, tick all that apply tube, LMA and tracheostomy → ☐ Capillary Cardiac arrest before ICU admission Venous Cardiac arrest OUT of hospital Arterial First base excess from arterial, capillary or venous gas within Cardiomyopathy or myocarditis Capillary Severe combined immune deficiency defined time period. If not or never recorded, write 999. Indicate ☐ Venous ☐ Hypoplastic left heart syndrome Mechanical ventilation? -ve or +ve and specify sample type Leukaemia or lymphoma after first induction Yes No Liver failure main reason for ICU admission CPAP? First blood lactate from arterial, capillary or venous gas within ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Spontaneous cerebral haemorrhage Pupil reaction defined time period. Specify sample type □ Neurodegenerative disorder ☐ Both fixed and dilated ☐ Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) Other reaction Mechanical ventilation—where all or some of the breaths, or ☐ Bone marrow transplant recipient Unknown portion of the breaths (pressure support) are delivered by a Diagnoses and procedures mechanical device. Includes high frequency, jet ventilators, Primary diagnosis for this admission negative pressure ventilators, BIPAP & CPAP Other reasons for this admission CPAP includes via ET, mask, nasal prongs or negative pressure. Do not include high flow nasal cannula therapy First pupillary reaction measured AND recorded within defined Operations and procedures performed during and prior to this admission time period • Both fixed and dilated if both >3mm and both unreactive to light Primary diagnosis for this admission—can only choose one Co-morbidity diagnosis and must be a disorder/condition • May confirm at end of admission • Not a procedure e.g. hernia repair or cause e.g. apnoea must be the underlying condition • Other reasons for this admission—includes additional diagnoses or procedures that may or may not have required intensive care e.g. partially Was a tracheostomy performed during this admission? Yes No obstructed airway · Operations or procedures performed during and prior to this admission e.g. scoliosis repair, lung biopsy. Where type of admission is planned or unplanned following surgery, at least one operation or procedure is required • Co-morbidity—diagnoses child has prior to admission that may not be related to reason for this admission.

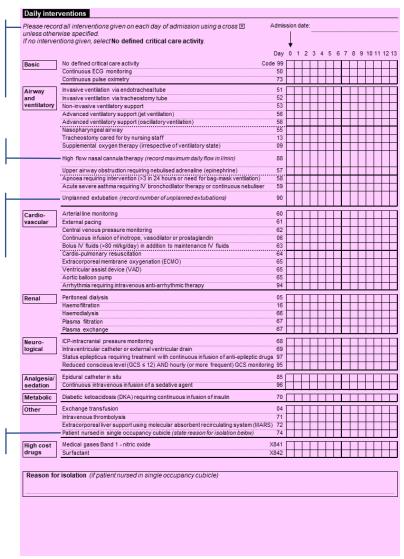
Any underlying conditions e.g. syndromes

**Daily interventions**—record **admission date** and insert *X* in box for each intervention given at any time in each 24-hour period from midnight to midnight. If no interventions given choose **No defined critical care activity** (i.e. no other interventions recorded) to signify daily intervention record completed for identified day of stay

**High flow nasal cannula therapy** (HFNCT)—record maximum flow in L/min that day

Record the number of **unplanned extubations** that day, defined as the dislodgement of the ETT from the trachea without the intention to extubate immediately and without the presence of airway competent clinical staff in the bedspace appropriately prepared for the procedure

**Patient nursed in single occupancy cubicle**—record *X* in box and state **reason for isolation** in text box below



Is the patient on a clinical trial—check the hospital notes or ask the parents, as if on a trial this could affect prognosis. Includes clinical trials outside PICU

Completion of **weight** is now mandatory as part of the core admission dataset. Record weight in kilograms measured at or as soon as possible after admission to the unit. If this is not possible then a weight measured immediately prior to transfer to PICU or provided by parent/carer may be recorded

**Discharge**—as recorded in unit admission book. Physical discharge and recording of discharge from bed or cot. Discharge does not include temporary transfer (e.g. to theatre for surgery) when there is expectation of a return to your unit

**Discharged for palliative care**—signifies withdrawal of care at the current level from which it is deemed the admission can no longer benefit

Date and time of death—if death occurs while on unit and/or prior to discharge, even if patient not physically present on the unit at the time e.g. in theatre. Include those who leave the unit to become beating heart donors. If time of death is prior to admission, add note in comments box and inform PICANet by separate email

• Treatment withdrawn—death follows the withdrawal of ongoing organ support • Treatment limitation—death follows a decision to limit on-going organ support and may include limitation of support and/or the patient is not for active resuscitation • Brain stem death—death confirmed using brain stem death criteria • Failed cardiopulmonary resuscitation—death immediately follows an unsuccessful attempt at CPR

Identifies whether the deceased patient was a **transplant donor** and whether solid organs and/or tissues were removed for transplant. **Organs** may include heart, pancreas, liver, kidneys, or intestines. **Tissues** may include skin, tendons, bone, heart valves and cornea

Clinical trial (if required by your unit)	Follow-up 30 days post-discharge from your unit
Is the patient on a clinical trial?  Yes (specify name of trial) No	Status — Dead Unknown
Name of trial	
Nume of that	Date of death (dd/mm/yyyy)
Growth measurements (if required by your unit)	Location
Height	Normal residence Same hospital [ ICU
_ cm	Hospice Other hospital PICU
Weight	□ NICU
kg	HDU   ☐ SCBU
Abdominal circumference	☐ Scool
	Other
cm	
Discharge information	Comments
Status at discharge from your unit	Comments
Alive Dead	
Date and time of discharge (dd/mm/yyyy hh:mm)	
/ / 20   :	
- If alive at discharge	
Discharged for palliative care?	
Yes No	
Destination following discharge from your unit	
Normal residence   Same hospital   ICU     Hospice   Other hospital   PICU	
☐ NICU	
□ HDU	
SCBU	
☐ Ward	
☐ Other	Customised data collection (for local use)
- If dead at discharge	edistrinised data confection (for local ase)
Date and time of death (dd/mm/yyyy hh:mm)	
Mode of death	
Treatment withdrawn Treatment limitation	
Brain stem death	
Failed cardiopulmonary resuscitation	
Transplant donor?	
Yes – solid organs only	
Yes – tissues only	
Yes – both solid organs and tissues	
	Form completed by

Status at 30 days post-discharge—complete for all PICU discharges. If cannot find out, record *Unknown* 

**Location at 30 days post-discharge**—information found by using hospital record systems, contacting ward, GP, medical records, NOT directly calling family

For additional information, see the **PICANet** admission dataset manual, available at <a href="https://www.picanet.org.uk">www.picanet.org.uk</a>